

4-6 to 4-7 Test Review
Algebra 2-1

1. Suppose a model rocket is launched from a platform 2 ft above the ground with an initial upwards velocity of 100 ft/s.

a) Using the equation $h(t) = -16t^2 + v_0t + h_0$, where $v_0 = \text{initial velocity}$ and $h_0 = \text{initial height}$, write an equation that represents the path of the rocket.

$$h(t) = -16t^2 + 100t + 2$$

b) How long will it take the rocket reach its maximum height? (HINT: What is the maximum of a parabola?)

Vertex!

$$t = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-100}{2(-16)} = \frac{-100}{-32} = 3.125$$

3.125 seconds

c) What is the rocket's maximum height?

$$\begin{aligned} h(3.125) &= -16(3.125)^2 + 100(3.125) + 2 \\ &= -16(9.765625) + 312.5 + 2 \\ &= -156.25 + 312.5 + 2 \\ &= 156.25 + 2 \\ &= 158.25 \end{aligned}$$

158.25 Ft

d) When will the rocket hit the ground?

6.27 seconds

$$0 = -16t^2 + 100t + 2$$

$$t = \frac{-100 \pm \sqrt{(100)^2 - 4(-16)(2)}}{2(-16)} = \frac{-100 \pm \sqrt{10,000 + 128}}{-32} = \frac{-100 \pm \sqrt{10,128}}{-32}$$

$$= \frac{-100 \pm 100.64}{-32}$$

$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-100 + 100.64}{-32} \\ & \frac{+.64}{-32} \\ & -.02 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-100 - 100.64}{-32} \\ & \frac{-200.64}{-32} \\ & 6.27 \end{aligned}$
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e) When will the rocket be at the same height from which it was launched at?

It was launched from 2 ft, so set = 2

$$-2 = -16t^2 + 100t + 2$$

$$0 = -16t^2 + 100t$$

$$\text{GCF} = 4t$$

$$0 = 4t(-4t + 25)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4t = 0 \\ \frac{4t}{4} = 0 \\ t = 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -4t + 25 = 0 \\ -25 \quad -25 \\ \hline -4t = -25 \\ \frac{-4t}{-4} = \frac{-25}{-4} \\ t = 6.25 \end{array}$$

$$t = \frac{25}{4} = 6.25$$

6.25 seconds

2. Solve the following equations by completing the square. Give your answers in exact form.

a. $x^2 + 8x = -6$

$$\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{8}{2}\right)^2 = (4)^2 = 16$$

$$x^2 + 8x + 16 = -6 + 16$$

$$\sqrt{(x+4)^2} = \sqrt{10}$$

$$x+4 = \pm\sqrt{10}$$

$$\begin{matrix} -4 & -4 \end{matrix}$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{10} - 4$$

b. $4x^2 - x - 3 = 0$

$$+3 \quad +3$$

$$\frac{4x^2}{4} - \frac{x}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

~~$$4x^2 - x - 3 = 0$$~~

~~$$4x^2 - x - 3 = 0$$~~

$$x^2 - \frac{1}{4}x = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 = \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \left(-\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \left(-\frac{1}{8}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{64}$$

$$x^2 - \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{64} = \frac{143}{64} + \frac{1}{64}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{1}{8}\right)^2 = \frac{44}{64} + \frac{1}{64}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(x - \frac{1}{8}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{44}{64}}$$

c. $n^2 + 5n - 12 = 6n$

$$-6n \quad -6n$$

$$n^2 - n - 12 = 0$$

$$+12 \quad +12$$

$$n^2 - n = 12$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$n^2 - n + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4(12)}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\left(n - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{48}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(n - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{4}}$$

$$n - \frac{1}{2} = \pm \frac{7}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \quad + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$n = \pm 7/2 + 1/2$$

$$\frac{7}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{-7}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow -\frac{6}{2} = \textcircled{-3}$$

$$\frac{7}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \textcircled{4}$$

d. $2x^2 + 8 = -8x$

$$+8x \quad +8x$$

$$2x^2 + 8x + 8 = 0$$

$$-8 \quad -8$$

$$\frac{2x^2 + 8x}{2} = \frac{-8}{2}$$

$$x^2 + 4x = -4$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{4}{2}\right)^2 = 2^2 = 4$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = -4 + 4$$

$$\sqrt{(x+2)^2} = \sqrt{0}$$

$$x+2 = 0$$

$$-2 \quad -2$$

$$x = -2$$

$$x - \frac{1}{8} = \pm \frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \quad \frac{-7}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{8}{8}$$

$$\frac{-6}{8}$$

$$\textcircled{1}$$

$$\textcircled{-3/4}$$

3. Solve the following using the quadratic formula. Round answers to the nearest *hundredth* if needed.

a. $5x^2 - 7x - 3 = 0$

$$x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{(7)^2 - 4(5)(-3)}}{2(5)}$$

$$x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{49 + 60}}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{109}}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{7 \pm 10.44}{10}$$

$$\frac{7+10.44}{10} \quad \frac{7-10.44}{10}$$

$$\frac{17.44}{10} \quad \frac{-3.44}{10}$$

$$\boxed{1.74} \quad \boxed{-0.34}$$

c. $7k^2 - 2k = 12$

$$7k^2 - 2k - 12 = 0$$

$$k = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(7)(-12)}}{2(7)}$$

$$k = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 336}}{14}$$

$$k = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{340}}{14}$$

$$k = \frac{2 \pm 18.44}{14}$$

$$\frac{2+18.44}{14} \quad \frac{2-18.44}{14}$$

$$\frac{20.44}{14} \quad \frac{-16.44}{14}$$

$$\boxed{1.46} \quad \boxed{-1.17}$$

b. $3x^2 + 3 = 6x$

$$-0x \quad -6x$$

~~0~~

$$3x^2 - 6x + 3 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(3)(3)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 36}}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{0}}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm 0}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{6}{6}$$

$$\boxed{x = 1}$$

d. $4v^2 + 15v + 7 = 9v - 4$

$$-9v \quad +4 -9v + 4$$

$$4v^2 + 6v + 11 = 0$$

$$v = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{6^2 - 4(4)(11)}}{2(4)}$$

$$v = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 176}}{8}$$

$$v = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{-140}}{8}$$

$$v = \frac{-6 \pm i\sqrt{140}}{8}$$

$\boxed{\text{No Real Solutions}}$

4. Solve the following using square roots. Give exact answers.

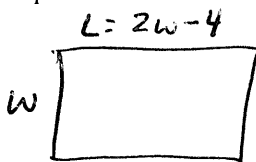
$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } 4x^2 &= 16 \\ \frac{4x^2}{4} &= \frac{16}{4} \\ \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{4} \\ x &= \pm 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } 20x^2 - 60 &= 80 \\ +60 &+60 \\ \frac{20x^2}{20} &= \frac{140}{20} \\ \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{7} \\ x &= \pm \sqrt{7} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } 2(x-4)^2 &= 20 \\ \frac{2(x-4)^2}{2} &= \frac{20}{2} \\ \sqrt{(x-4)^2} &= \sqrt{10} \\ x-4 &= \pm \sqrt{10} \\ -4 & \quad -4 \\ x &= \pm \sqrt{10} - 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } -3(x+4)^2 - 3 &= 24 \\ +3 &+3 \\ \frac{-3(x+4)^2}{-3} &= \frac{27}{-3} \\ \sqrt{(x+4)^2} &= \sqrt{-9} \\ x+4 &= \pm 3i \\ \text{No Real solutions} \end{aligned}$$

5. Your girl Margaret is planning a rectangular garden. Its length is 4 feet less than twice its width. Its area is 170 feet squared. What are the dimensions of the garden?



$$\begin{aligned} A &= LW \\ 170 &= (2w - 4)w \\ 170 &= 2w^2 - 4w \\ -170 & \quad -170 \\ 0 &= 2w^2 - 4w - 170 \\ 0 &= 2(w^2 - 2w - 85) \end{aligned}$$

$$w = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(1)(-85)}}{2(1)} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 340}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{344}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 18.55}{2}$$

$w = 10.28 \text{ ft}$

$L = 2(10.28) - 4$

$L = 20.56 - 4$

$L = 16.56 \text{ ft}$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{2+18.55}{2} \\ \frac{20.55}{2} \\ \text{10.28} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} \frac{2-18.55}{2} \\ \frac{-16.55}{2} \\ -8.28 \end{array}$$

6. Your local bakery sells bagels when it reduces its prices, but when that happens its profit changes. The function $y = -1000x^2 + 1100x - 2.5$ models the bakery's daily profit in dollars from selling bagels, where x is the price of a bagel in dollars. What's the highest price the bakery can charge to make a profit of \$200?

$$\begin{array}{r} 200 \\ -200 \end{array} = -1000x^2 + 1100x - 2.5$$

$$0 = -1000x^2 + 1100x - 202.5$$

$$x = \frac{-1100 \pm \sqrt{1100^2 - 4(-1000)(-202.5)}}{2(-1000)}$$

$$x = \frac{-1100 \pm \sqrt{1,210,000 - 810,000}}{-2000}$$

$$x = \frac{-1100 \pm \sqrt{400,000}}{-2000}$$

$$x = \frac{-1100 \pm 632.46}{-2000}$$

$$\frac{-1100 + 632.46}{-2000}$$

$$\frac{-1100 - 632.46}{-2000}$$

0.23

0.87

\$0.87 per bagel