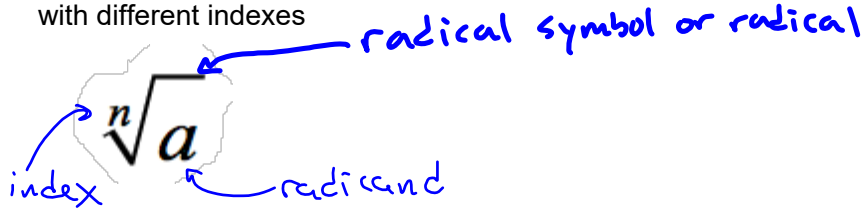


6-1b Notes: Roots and Radical Expressions

Lesson Objective: To understand how to simplify radical expressions with different indexes



	Perfect Squares	Perfect Cubes	Perfect Fourths
2	4	8	16
3	9	27	81
4	16	64	256
5	25	125	625
6	36	216	1296
7	49	343	2401
8	64	512	4096
9	81	729	6561
10	100	1000	10,000

Simplifying with radicals
Even and odd indexes

$$\sqrt[4]{16} = 2$$

odd index, so negative radicand is cool

$$\sqrt[3]{-27} = -3$$

$$-3(-3)(-3)$$

$$\sqrt{9(-3)}$$

$$\sqrt{-27}$$

$$-\sqrt[4]{16} = -1(2)$$

$$= -2$$

$$-\sqrt[3]{-27} = -1(-3)$$

$$= \textcircled{3}$$

$$\sqrt{49} = 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{0.008} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{1000}} \\ &= \frac{2}{10} \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-1000} = -10$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{27}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{1} = 1$$

With even indexes, negative radicands are bad

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[4]{-0.0001} &= \sqrt[4]{\frac{-1}{10,000}} \\ &= \frac{1}{10}i \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{16}{81}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Find all the real square roots of each number.

1. 225

$$15$$

2. 0.0049

$$\sqrt{\frac{49}{10,000}}$$

$$\frac{7}{100}$$

3. $-\frac{1}{121}$

$$\frac{1}{11}i$$

4. $\frac{64}{169}$

$$\frac{8}{13}$$

Find all the real cube roots of each number.

5. -64

$$-4$$

6. 0.125

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{125}{1000}}$$

$$\frac{5}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

7. $-\frac{27}{216}$

$$\frac{-3}{6}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}$$

8. 0.000343

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{343}{1,000,000}}$$

$$\frac{7}{100}$$

Find all the real fourth roots of each number.

9. 16

2

10. -16

2i

11. 0.0081

$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{81}{10000}}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{10}\right)$$

12. $\frac{10,000}{81}$

$\frac{10}{3}$

Find each real-number root.

13. $\sqrt{36}$

6

14. $-\sqrt{36}$

-6

15. $\sqrt{-36}$

6i

16. $\sqrt{0.36}$

$$\frac{36}{100}$$

$$\frac{6}{10}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$$

17. $-\sqrt[3]{64}$

-4

18. $\sqrt[3]{-64}$

-4

19. $-\sqrt[4]{81}$

-3

20. $\sqrt[4]{-81}$

3i

Academics Some teachers adjust test scores when a test is difficult. One teacher's formula for adjusting scores is $A = 10\sqrt{R}$, where A is the adjusted score and R is the raw score. If the raw scores on one test range from 36 to 90, what is the range of the adjusted scores?

Simplifying Radicals with Variables

$\sqrt{4x^6} = 2x^3$ $\sqrt[3]{a^3b^6} = ab^2$

Why? $2x^3 \cdot 2x^3 = 4x^6$

$\sqrt[4]{x^4y^5}$
 $\sqrt[4]{x^4y^4y}$
 $x y \sqrt[4]{y}$

$\sqrt[3]{x^6} = x^2$

$\sqrt[4]{162x^9} =$
 $81 \cdot 2 \cdot x^8 \cdot x^1$
 $\sqrt[4]{81 \cdot 2 \cdot x^8 \cdot x}$
 $3x^2 \sqrt[4]{2x}$

$\sqrt{x^{12}y^7} = x^6 y^3 \sqrt[4]{y}$

Simplify each radical expression.

21. $\sqrt{16x^2}$

$4x$

22. $\sqrt{0.25x^6}$

$\sqrt{\frac{25}{100}x^6}$
 $\frac{5}{10}x^3$
 $.5x^3$
 $\frac{1}{2}x^3$

23. $\sqrt{x^8y^{18}}$

x^4y^9

24. $\sqrt{64b^{48}}$

$8b^{24}$

25. $\sqrt[3]{-64a^3}$

$-4a$

26. $\sqrt[3]{27y^6}$

$3y^2$

27. $\sqrt[4]{x^8y^{12}}$

x^2y^3

28. $\sqrt[5]{32y^{10}}$

$2y^2$

Simplify.

9. $\sqrt{20x^3}$

10. $\sqrt[3]{81x^2}$

11. $\sqrt{50x^5}$

12. $\sqrt[3]{32a^5}$

13. $\sqrt[3]{54y^{10}}$

14. $\sqrt{200a^6b^7}$

15. $\sqrt[3]{-250x^6y^5}$

16. $\sqrt[4]{64x^3y^6}$

Handwritten solutions for the above problems:

- 9. $\sqrt{20x^3} = 4 \cdot 5 \cdot x^2 \cdot x = 2x \sqrt{5x}$
- 10. $\sqrt[3]{81x^2} = 27 \cdot 3 = 3 \sqrt[3]{3x^2}$
- 11. $\sqrt{50x^5} = 25 \cdot 2 \cdot x^4 \cdot x = 5x^2 \sqrt{2x}$
- 12. $\sqrt[3]{32a^5} = 8 \cdot 4 \cdot a^3 \cdot a^2 = 2a \sqrt[3]{4a^2}$
- 13. $\sqrt[3]{54y^{10}} = 27 \cdot 2 \cdot y^9 \cdot y = 3y^3 \sqrt[3]{2y}$
- 14. $\sqrt{200a^6b^7} = 100 \cdot 2 \cdot b^6 \cdot b = 10ab^3 \sqrt{2b}$
- 15. $\sqrt[3]{-250x^6y^5} = -125 \cdot 2 \cdot y^3 \cdot y^2 = -5x^2y \sqrt[3]{2y^2}$
- 16. $\sqrt[4]{64x^3y^6} = 16 \cdot 4 \cdot y^4 \cdot y^2 = 2y \sqrt[4]{4x^3y^2}$

6-2 Notes: Multiplying and Dividing Radical Expressions

Lesson Objective: To understand how to simplify radical expressions after multiplying or dividing two separate expressions.

Product Property:

$$\sqrt{4}\sqrt{25}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-8}\sqrt[3]{27}$$

Simplify:

$$\sqrt[3]{4}\sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$\sqrt{-2}\sqrt{8}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{-5x}\sqrt[3]{25x}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{54x^2y^3}\sqrt[3]{5x^3y^4}$$

Multiply, if possible. Then simplify.

1. $\sqrt{8} \cdot \sqrt{32}$

2. $\sqrt[3]{4} \cdot \sqrt[3]{16}$

3. $\sqrt[3]{9} \cdot \sqrt[3]{-81}$

4. $\sqrt[4]{8} \cdot \sqrt[4]{32}$

5. $\sqrt{-5} \cdot \sqrt{5}$

6. $\sqrt[3]{-5} \cdot \sqrt[3]{-25}$

7. $\sqrt[3]{9} \cdot \sqrt[3]{-24}$

8. $\sqrt[3]{-12} \cdot \sqrt[3]{-18}$

Quotient Property

Simplify:

Divide then simplify

Indices need to be equal

$$\frac{\sqrt{100}}{\sqrt{25}} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{64}}{\sqrt[3]{8}} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{100}{25}} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{64}{8}} = \sqrt[3]{8} = 2$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{32}}{\sqrt[3]{-4}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{32}{-4}} = \sqrt[3]{-8} = -2$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{162x^5y^4}}{\sqrt[3]{3x^2y}}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{\frac{162x^5y^4}{3x^2y}} = \sqrt[3]{54x^3y^3}$$

$$= 3xy\sqrt[3]{2}$$

An radical expression is simplified when:

- 1) The coefficient (number) is broken down or simplified as much as possible.
- 2) All variables are simplified as much as possible (the exponents under radical are smaller than index).
- 3) No radicals left in denominator.

Rationalizing the Denominator: Get rid of radical in denominator.

$$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{7}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}} = \frac{3\sqrt{7}}{7}$$

Simplify first, then rationalize any denominators.

$$\frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{5xy}} = \frac{\sqrt{5xy}}{\sqrt{5xy}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{25x^2y^2}}{\sqrt{5xy}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{30xy}}{5xy}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3x^2}}{\sqrt{3x^2}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 9x^2}}{\sqrt{3^3 x^3}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{18x^2}}{3x}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt[4]{2x^4y}}{\sqrt[4]{3xy^2}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt[4]{2x^4}}{\sqrt[4]{3y^2}}$$

$$\frac{2x\sqrt[4]{2}}{\sqrt[4]{3y^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{3^3y^2}}{\sqrt[4]{3^3y^2}} = \frac{2x\sqrt[4]{2(27)y^2}}{\sqrt[4]{3^4y^4}}$$

$$= \frac{2x\sqrt[4]{54y^2}}{3y}$$

Multiply and simplify. Assume that all variables are positive.

17. $\sqrt[3]{6} \cdot \sqrt[3]{16}$

18. $\sqrt{8y^5} \cdot \sqrt{40y^2}$

19. $\sqrt{7x^5} \cdot \sqrt{42xy^9}$

20. $4\sqrt{2x} \cdot 5\sqrt{6xy^2}$

21. $3\sqrt[3]{5y^3} \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{50y^4}$

22. $-\sqrt[3]{2x^2y^2} \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{15x^5y}$

odds

Rationalize the denominator of each expression.

27. $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{2}}$

28. $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{8x}}$

29. $\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$

30. $\frac{\sqrt[3]{5}}{\sqrt{3x}}$

31. $\frac{\sqrt[4]{2}}{\sqrt[4]{5}}$

32. $\frac{15\sqrt{60x^5}}{3\sqrt{12x}}$

33. $\frac{\sqrt{3xy^2}}{\sqrt{5xy^3}}$

34. $\frac{\sqrt{5x^4y}}{\sqrt{2x^2y^3}}$

odds

raymond.san73.org